

Optimization of Dimension Stone extraction from fractured rock mass: a computer method to assist DS quarry evaluation and production planning

Stephen Henley (Matlock, UK) and Dmitry Nikolayev (Dubna, Russia)

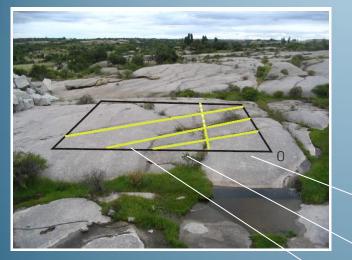


Most rock masses are intersected by fractures



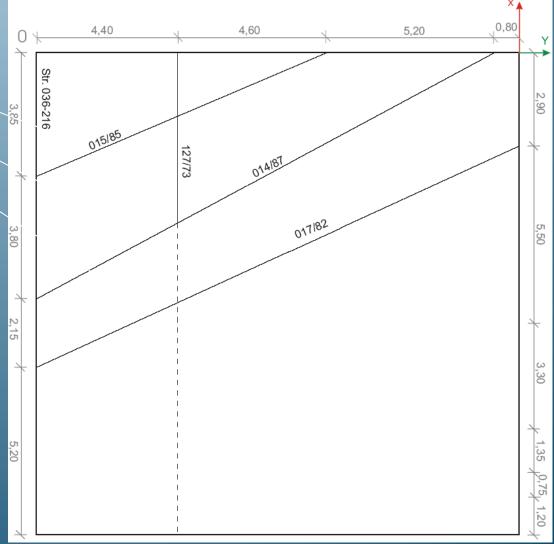
Example: a block to be extracted

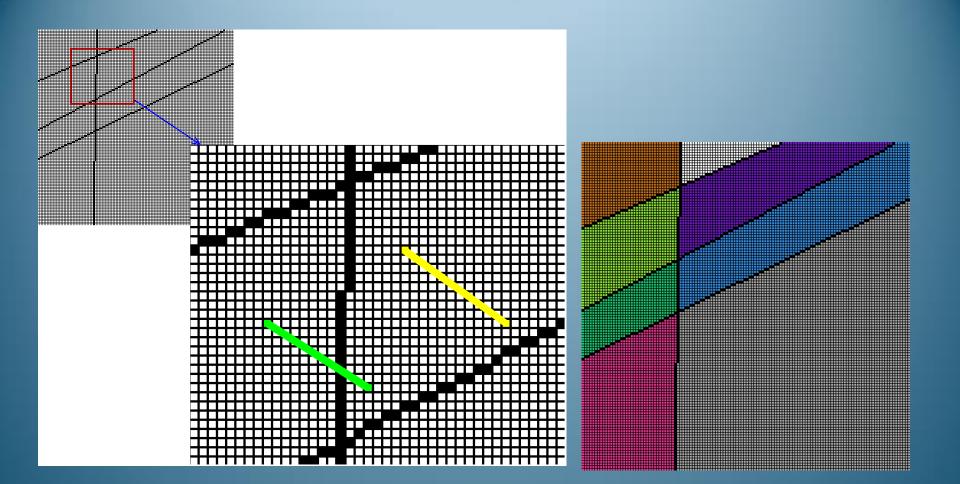




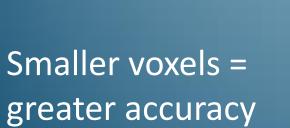
The block is intersected by fracture planes (joints).

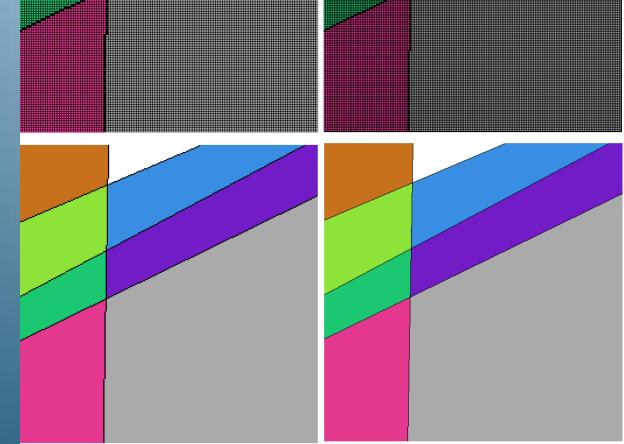
Problem: to optimise the set of rectangular blocks which can be obtained





The geology can be modelled as a set of cells or voxels (3d pixels)

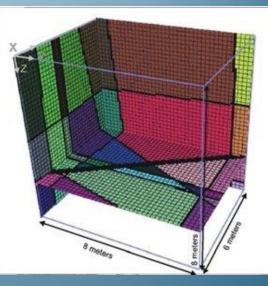


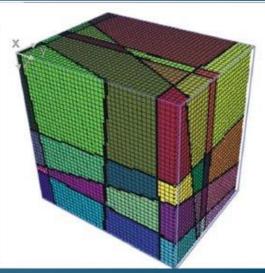


Modelling a real block: 3D model



Based on detailed geological measurements of fractures





Modelling a real block: 2D slices

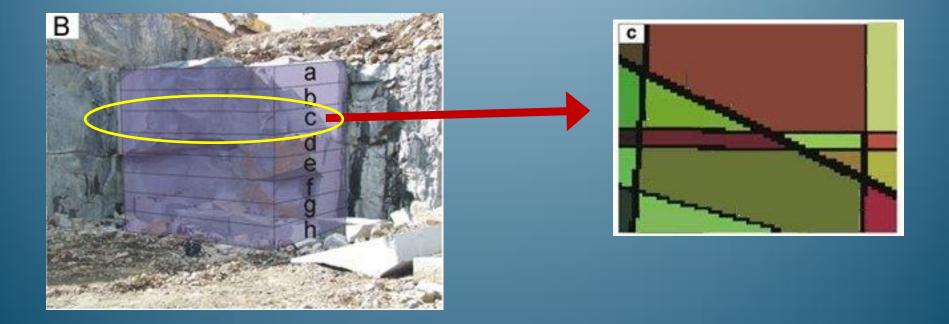


as it is intended to be extracted

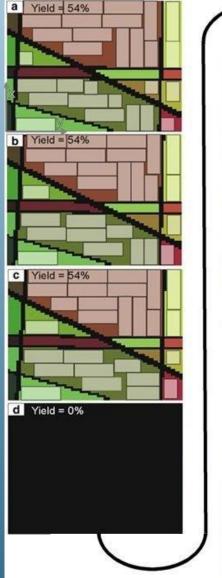
Modelling a real block: 2D slices

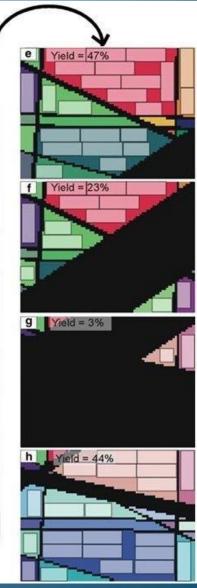


Modelling a real block: 2D slices

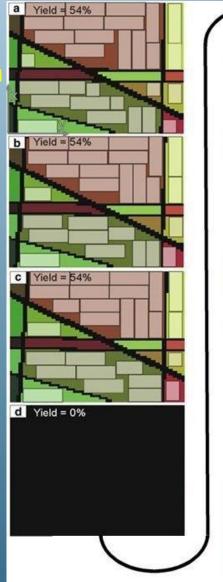


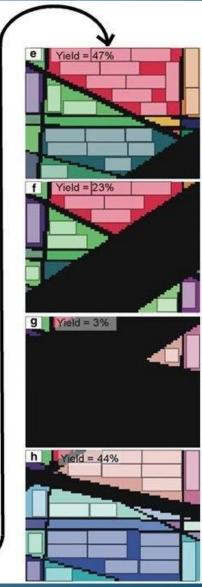




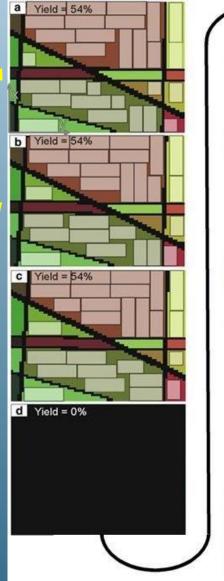


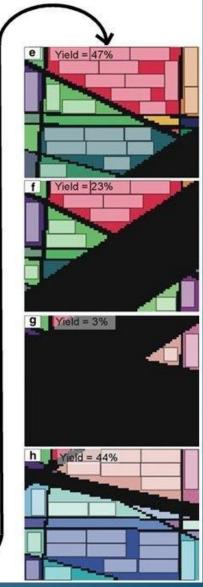




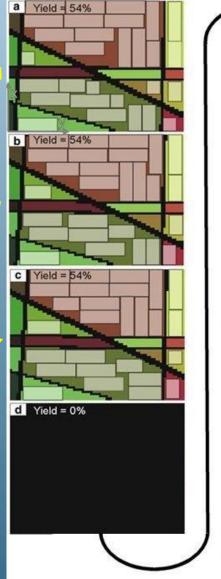


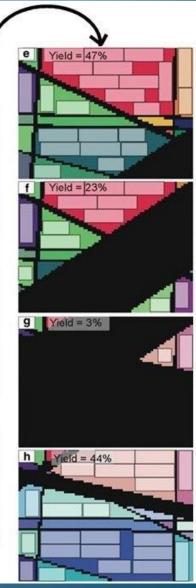




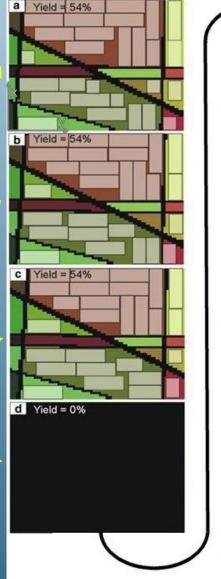


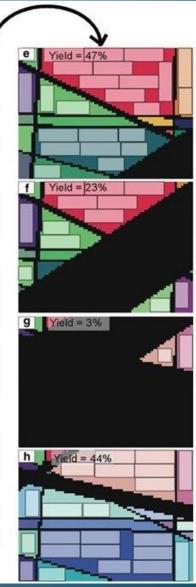




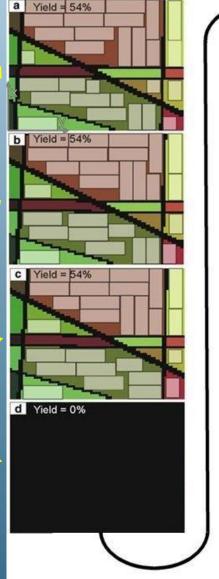


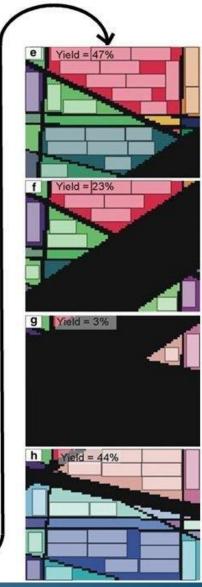




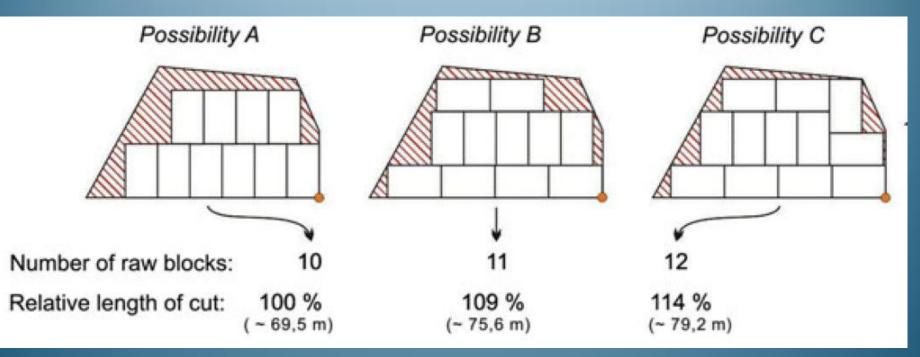






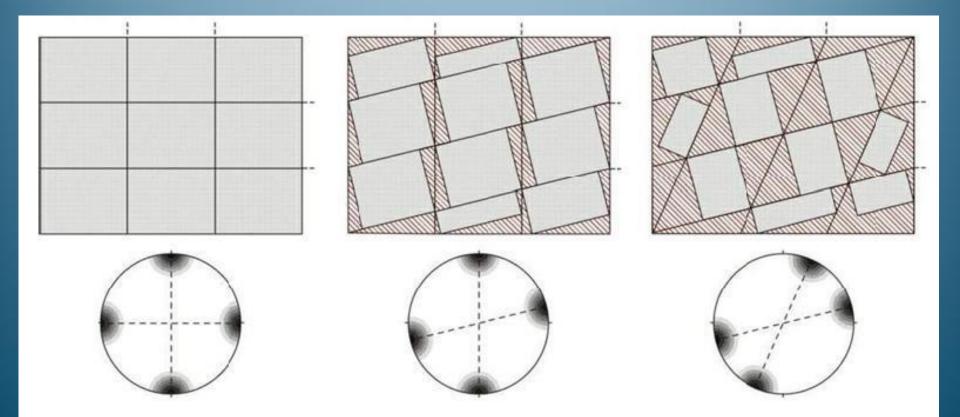


Optimisation of block selection within one slice

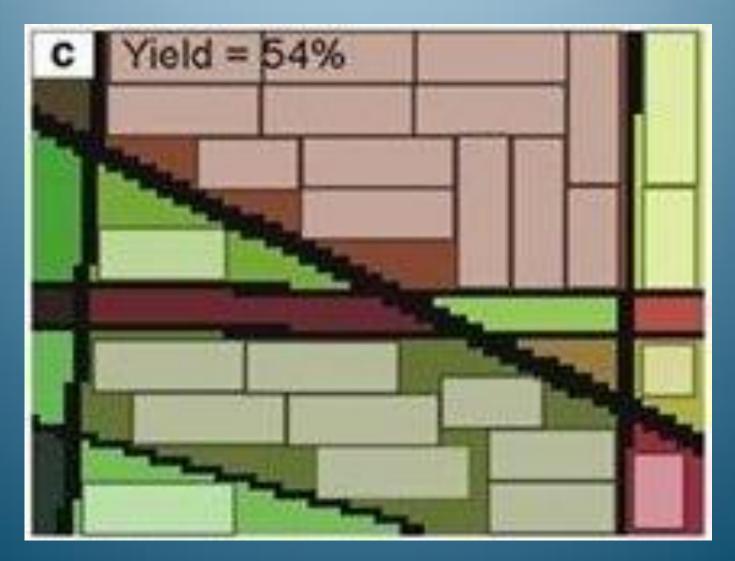


"C" appears best (minimum waste), but must balance against the cutting costs

Effect of non-orthogonal joint sets



For each slice, an optimum set of rectangular blocks can be identified



Current status

 The method is currently implemented as a research application ("3D-Block Expert") developed by Dmitry Nikolayev (with colleagues at the University of Göttingen)

Future plans

- To be adapted for routine industry use
 Integration with standard geological modelling / quarry planning systems (4dcoders: Geo-Reka + Rockmate + Vmine)
- Target completion date 31 March 2017